

Fast Facts

MS16 Stimulus Isolator



The Stimulus Isolator is available with 4[MS4] or 16[MS16] channels. This fast fact sheet provides basic reference information for this and related devices. See the System 3 Manual for more detailed information.

Overview. Fiber optics isolate the processor from the stimulator and a fiber optic cable carries digital control and stimulus signals to the stimulator. See the RZ5 or RX7 fast facts for connection diagram.

Stimulation Channels. Stimulation channels can be set to one of following three states:

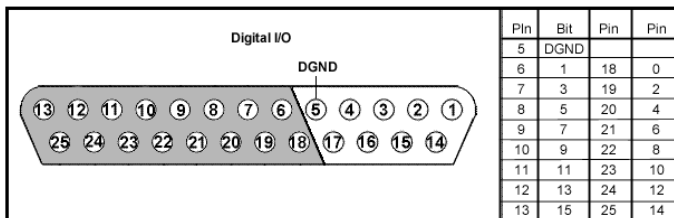
Stimulate: Channels in stimulate mode pass current to the electrodes.

Reference: Channels in reference mode become part of the return path for the signal. All channels in Reference mode use the same return path to analog ground on the stimulator. NOTE: Users can also set up a global reference that uses a ground wire. In this mode, all channels can be used for stimulation.

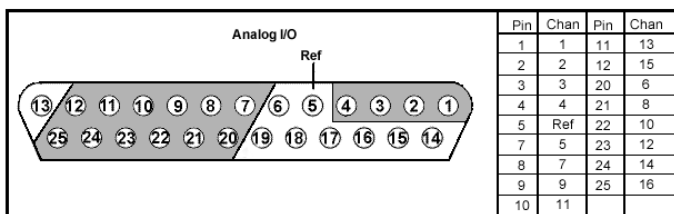
Open: The Open mode is the default mode for all channels. In the open mode, the channel is not part of the stimulation circuit. In this mode, a channel can be used to acquire neural signals.

DB25 Connector Pinouts

Control Outputs



Stim Outputs / ACC16 Stim Ele



Status Lights

Sync:

- lit correctly connected to a base station
- flash not connected (flash once a second)

Stim Ref:

- lit configured to use a global reference

Battery:

- lit MS4/MS16 onboard battery is low (the battery voltage decreases rapidly once the battery low light is on)

High Voltage:

- lit if NC48 or HV250 battery pack is connected
- flash connected battery pack is low (flash once a second)

Control Output Lights

- lit indicated digital I/O channel is set high (or active)

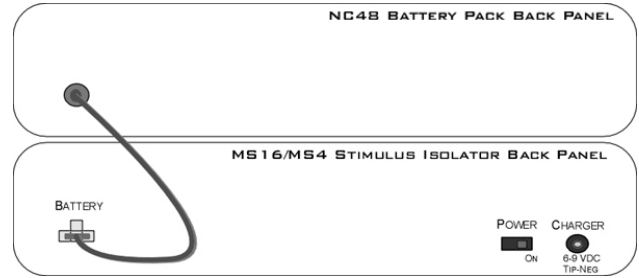
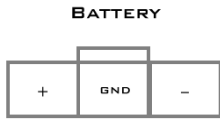
Stim Lights

- lit indicated channel in use as a stimulus output
- flash a channel is selected as both stimulus and reference—NONE of the channels are used until corrected

Ref Lights

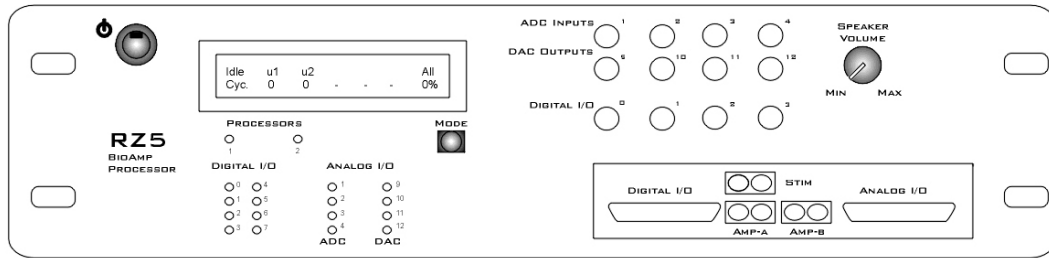
- lit indicated channel in use as reference

High Voltage Input. The stimulator uses the NC48 Rechargeable Battery Pack or the HV250 High Voltage Battery Pack for stimulation. The battery pack should be connected to the Battery connection on the back panel, as shown in the diagram to the right.



Functional Design of the MicroStimulator System

Load stimulus waveforms from PC to processor
or use
Real-time DSP

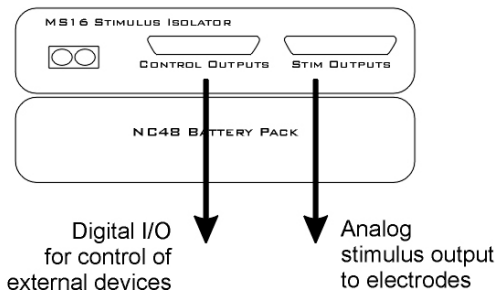


RZ5 or RX7 (Not Shown)

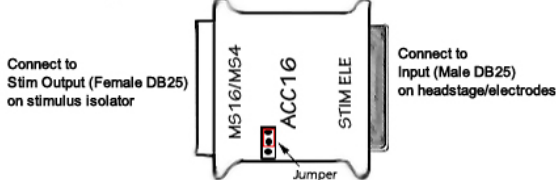
↑ Transfer data from preamplifier to processor via fiber optics

↓ Transfer digital control and stimulus information from processor to the stimulus isolator via fiber optics

ACC16 AC Coupled Connector. The MS16/4 Stimulus Isolator may generate a DC bias current [up to 0.02% of full range] on any stimulation channel even during a quiescent state. While this may not have significant short-term effects, over time, it may cause unintended tissue damage. This problem primarily affects researchers using electrodes with impedances of more than 100 kOhms. Users may connect the ACC16 AC coupler [supplied with all MS16/4s] directly to the Stim Output connector on the stimulus isolator to block bias on the Stim Output lines.



ACC16 AC Coupled Connector



Jumper Default Position
G Ref Shorts ground and reference to yield single-ended operation.
Note: this is the only supported mode of operation.

The ACC16 STIM ELE output matches the pinout of the MS16/MS4 Stim Output connector. See the System 3 Manual for more information on using the ACC16 .